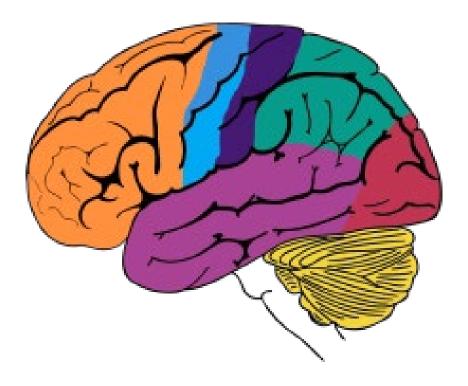


BLOCK D 2nd Year MBBS

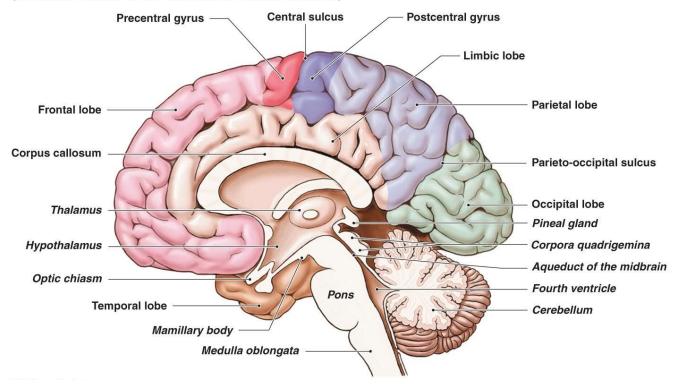
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NEUROSCIENCES 1A



A midsagittal view showing the inner boundaries of the lobes of the cerebral cortex (Structures outside of the cerebrum are labeled in italics.)



Module Committee:

Chairperson curriculum committee	Prof. Dr. Humaira Gulnaz	Professor Anatomy		
Curriculum Coordinator	Dr. Ayesha Ayub	In charge HPERD		
Module coordinator	Dr. Sidra Latif	Senior Demonstrator Physiology		
	Academic team members			
Biochemistry	Dr. Tahira Bashir	Senior Demonstrator Biochemistry		
Anatomy	Dr. Uzma	Assistant Professor Anatomy		
Physiology	Dr. Sidra Latif	Senior Demonstrator Physiology		
Community medicine	Dr. Fozia Zahur Malik	Demonstrator Community Medicine		
Pharmacology	Dr. Akfish Zaheer	Assistant Professor Pharmacology		
Forensic medicine	Dr. Madiha Rehman	Senior Demonstrator Forensic Medicine		
Pathology	Dr. Amna Ghaffar	Demonstrator Pathology		
Medicine	Dr. Zaheer Ahmad	Senior Registrar Medicine		
Behavioral sciences	Dr. Sinha	PGR Psychiatry		

Introduction to module:

the Neurosciences module, is an exciting journey through the complexities of the human brain and nervous system. As future healthcare professionals, understanding the intricacies of the nervous system is crucial for diagnosing and managing various neurological disorders. This module will delve into the structure and function of the brain, spinal cord, and peripheral nerves. You will explore the fascinating world of neurons, synapses, and neurotransmitters, and gain insights into the pathophysiology of common neurological conditions. Through lectures, tutorials, and practical sessions, you will develop a solid foundation in neurosciences. By the end of this module, you will be able to apply your knowledge to real-life clinical scenarios and develop essential skills for neurological examination and diagnosis.

Rationale

he Neurosciences module is designed to provide undergraduate medical students with a comprehensive understanding of the structure and function of the nervous system, as well as its role in health and disease.

- 1. Foundational knowledge: A strong foundation in neurosciences is essential for understanding various neurological disorders and developing effective management strategies.
- 2. Clinical relevance: Neurological disorders are common and have significant impacts on patients' quality of life. This module will enable students to develop essential skills for neurological examination, diagnosis, and management.
- 3. Interdisciplinary connections: Neurosciences is an interdisciplinary field that draws on knowledge from anatomy, physiology, biochemistry, pharmacology, and psychology. This module will highlight these connections and promote an integrated understanding of the nervous system.
- 4. Development of critical thinking and problem-solving skills: Through case-based learning and problem-solving exercises, students will develop critical thinking and analytical skills essential for diagnosing and managing complex neurological disorders.
- 5. Preparation for clinical practice: This module will prepare students for clinical rotations in neurology, psychiatry, and other related specialties, where they will encounter patients with various neurological disorders."

General learning outcomes

At the end of this module, the 2nd year MBBS students will be able to:

- 1) Explain the gross and microscopic structural and functional features of peripheral nerves, spinal cord, and brain.
- 2) Describe the development of the forebrain, midbrain, and hindbrain
- 3) Describe the basic functions of synapses, neurotransmitters, and mechanisms of electrical events during neuronal excitation
- 4) Explain the structure and functions of different receptors during neuronal excitation
- 5) Describe the mechanisms and pathways of sensory inputs in the nervous system
- 6) Explain the organization, structure, functions, and neurotransmitters of the autonomic nervous system
- 7) Describe the blood supply and venous drainage of the brain and spinal cord
- 8) Describe the organization, structure, and functions of the motor system of the brain and spinal cord
- 9) Explain the organization, structure, and functions of the cerebellum and basal ganglia
- 10) Explain the structure, formation, and drainage of cerebrospinal fluid in the brain and spinal cord
- 11) Describe the functions of the limbic system and reticular activating system
- 12) Describe the pathophysiology and prevention of common diseases like stroke, epilepsy, hydrocephalus, and brain injuries
- 13) Identify the microscopic structure of the spinal cord, cerebral, and cerebellar cortex
- Examine the nervous system of a standardized patient (sensations, motor functions, and higher cortical functions and tendon reflexes)

List Of Themes

LIST OF THEMES					
Sr. no.	Themes	Duration			
1)	Numbness and tingling	1 week			
2)	Paraplegia	1 week			
3)	Syncope	1 week			
4)	Hemiplegia / Aphasia	1 week			
5)	Tremors	1 week			
6)	Headache	1 week			

Sr.n o.	Subject	Торіс	Learning objectives	Teaching strategies	Durati on	Assessme nt		
	Theme 1 Numbness and tingling							
	Anatomy	Overview of CNS	Describe the divisions of the nervous system and their components and briefly describe how they function. Enumerate structures within spinal and cranial cavities. Define ventricles and CSF. Define coverings of the brain and spinal cord.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ		
	Anatomy	Neurons and Neuroglia	Describe the structure of the neuron Classify the supporting cells. Enumerate their functions	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ		
	Anatomy	Structure of Nerve and Concept of Myelinated and Unmyelinated Fibers	Describe the structure of the Nerve Explain the Myelination of nerve Fiber. Describe the importance of Myelination transmitter at presynaptic terminal	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ		
	Physiology	Organization of the Nervous System	Describe the general design of the nervous system. Describe various divisions of the nervous system. Describe structural and functional units of CNS. Describe Functional components of Neuron. Describe Functional and Structural classification of Neurons. Describe major levels of central nervous system function. Describe Glial cells and their functions.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ		
	Physiology	Basic Functions of Synapses	Define and classify synapses. Explain physiological structure of synapse. Describe Mechanism by Which action Potential Causes Transmitter Release from the Presynaptic Terminals Describe synaptic transmission and explain properties of synaptic transmission.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ		

Physiology	Functions of Neurotransmitters	Describe the mechanism of action of neurotransmitter on the post synaptic membrane. Describe Second messenger system in the post synaptic neuron Define the characteristics of a neurotransmitter. Enumerate the neurotransmitters involved in	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
		the central nervous system. Classify neurotransmitters and describe the actions of some common neurotransmitters in central nervous system.			
Physiology	Electrical Events during Neuronal Excitation and Inhibition	Describe resting membrane potential of the neuronal soma. Describe Effect of Synaptic Excitation on the Postsynaptic Membrane—Excitatory Postsynaptic Potential. Describe Effect of Inhibitory Synapses on the Postsynaptic Membrane—Inhibitory Postsynaptic Potential. Describe Generation of Action Potentials in the Initial Segment of the Axon Leaving the Neuron—Threshold for Excitation	SGD	1 hour	MCQ
Physiology	Sensory Receptors	Define and classify receptors. Classify receptors according to their location in the body. Describe specific functions of receptors. Describe Receptor or generation potential. Discuss mechanism of action of sensory transduction.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiology	Coding of Sensory Information	Describe Doctrine of specific nerve energies Describe Modality of Sensation—The "Labeled Line Principle" Define and discuss law of projection. Discuss properties of stimulus, modality, Stimulus location Stimulus intensity Stimulus duration	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ

		Describe Frequency of action potentials with threshold level of receptor potential			
Physiolog	Transmission and Processing of Signals in CNS	Describe Relaying of signals through Neuronal pools; Divergence, Convergence, Prolongation of Signals	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiolog	Types of nerve fibers, its regeneration and degeneration	Describe the mechanism of degeneration & regeneration. Describe the duration required for regeneration inside & out of CNS. Enumerate the causes of degeneration. Discuss Wallerian degeneration. Identify the microscopic appearance of degenerating neurons	SGD	2 hours	MCQ
Physiolog	Sensations Sensations	Describe Tactile receptors in the skin and their functions: Pacinian corpuscles, Meissner's corpuscles, Ruffini endings, Merkle cell, A-delta, and C free nerve endings	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiolog	Transmission in the Dorsal column–medial Lemniscal system	Describe ascending pathways and enumerate the differences between the two. Describe Transmission in the Dorsal column medial Lemniscal system. Describe Spatial Orientation of the Nerve Fibers in the Dorsal Column—Medial Lemniscal System Describe two-point discrimination	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiolog	gy Somatosensory Cortex	Identify the diagrammatic representation of different areas of the body in the somatosensory cortex I Identify Broadman's areas of cerebral cortex and correlate each one of them with their respective functions. Describe the functions of somatosensory area I.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ

		Describe layers of the somatosensory cortex and their function. Describe the functions of somatosensory association area			
Physiology	Transmission of Sensory signals in the Anterolateral pathway	Differentiate the sub modalities of no discriminative touch, temperature and nociception based on receptor transduction mechanism, localization within the spinal gray matter, and central termination of the pathways. Describe functional organization at all levels and sub-modalities served by the anterolateral system and the equivalent components of the spinal trigeminal system.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Biochemist ry	Neurotransmitters I	Describe the Metabolism of epinephrine and norepinephrine, creatinine, histamine,	Interacti ve lecture	1 Hours	MCQS
Biochemist	Neurotransmitters II	Describe the Metabolism of gamma-aminobutyrate (GABA), serotonin, melatonin, and melanin	Interacti ve lecture	1 Hours	MCQS
Biochemist ry	Neurotransmitters	Explain the biosynthesis of different neurotransmitters	SGD (1)	2 hours	MCQS
Pathology	Cellular Pathology of the Central Nervous System	Reactions of Neurons to Injury Reactions of Astrocytes to Injury Reactions of Microglia to Injury Reactions of Other Glial Cells to Injury	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
General medicine	Approach to a patient with neuropathy	Analyze and discuss the classifications and patterns of neuropathy, including their causes, affected nerve types, clinical presentations, and how they influence diagnosis and management strategies. Describe clinical features, investigations and management options of neuropathy	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Biochemist	Sampling	Enumerate and demonstrate skills in sampling and	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE

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		preservation of blood and urine samples			
Physiology	How to approach a patient General physical examination	Explain the purpose and process of the physical examination to the patient. Obtain informed consent. Position the patient appropriately. Learn and practice proper inspection, palpation, and auscultation techniques. Implement a systematic approach to the physical examination	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
	The	eme 2 Paraplegia			
Anatomy	Structure of Spinal Cord-I	Describe the gross appearance of spinal cord. Enumerate the meninges covering the spinal cord. Explain change in the length of spinal cord from birth till puberty. Enumerate the various nuclei present in the Anterior Posterior and Lateral gray column. Correlate each nucleus with its function. Describe the structure of white matter in spinal cord. Explain the route of transmission of sensory information from the peripheral sensory endings through different parts of nervous system. Enumerate the major ascending and descending tracts of spinal cord	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Anatomy	Structure of Spinal Cord-II	Demonstrate the structure of spinal cord on a given model. Explain why the arrangement of gray and white matter is different at thoracic and upper lumbar region. Explain the arrangement of the ascending and descending tract at mid cervical level.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	OSPE MCQ

		Explain the component of a reflex arc. Correlating the role of reflex arc in maintaining the muscle tone			
Embryolog	Development of Spinal Cord I	Describe the development of neural tube. Describe the differentiation of neural tubes into different parts of the brain. Describe the development of spinal cord. Describe the positional changes of the cord	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Anatomy	Ascending Tracts of Spinal Cord	Explain the pathways for Discriminative touch, Light touch and pressure, and Muscle joint sensations. Describe the effects of lesions of complete transaction of the cord center of the cord	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Embryolog	Developmental Anomalies of Spinal Cord II	Explain the causes of neural tube defects. Explain the processes of development of spin bifida. Describe the clinical conditions relevant to the development of neural tube defects	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Anatomy	Descending Tracts of Spinal Cord	Describe the anatomical location of first order neuron, second order neuron and third order neuron with the help of diagrams. Explain the pathways for Voluntary skilled movements. Describe the effects of lesions of these pathways. Describe the effects of upper and lower motor neuron lesions	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Anatomy	Injuries of Spinal Cord	Relate various signs and symptoms with the lesions of the nervous system. Classify various spinal cord injuries. Enumerate the signs and symptoms of upper and	SGD	2 hours	MCQ

			lower motor neuron lesions. Enumerate various syndromes affecting the normal function of the spinal cord. Correlate the motor and sensory deficits with the affected neuronal pathways at the level.			
Ana	tomy	Cranial Cavity	Describe the boundaries of anterior, middle, and posterior cranial fossae. Describe the bones forming an inferior view of skull on the given bone. Mark the foramina at the base of the skull and enumerate the contents of clinically relevant foramina.	Skill Lab	2 hours	OSPE
Emb	oryolog	Development of Skull	Describe the stages of development of neurocranium. Describe the stages of development of viscerocranium. Describe the stages of differentiation of neurocranium into membranous neurocranium and chondrocranium. Describe the importance of fontanelle of skull in relation to normal ossification of the skull. Describe the changes in intracranial pressure during labor. Describe the features of Newborn Cranium	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Phy	rsiology	Introduction to Motor Nervous System (General Principles)	Describe the organization of the spinal cord. for motor functions Give an overview of the components of the nervous system involved in motor control. Identify and differentiate upper and lower motor neurons. Describe the types of anterior horn cells.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ

		Describe the concept of the Final Common Path Describe broad types of motor activities			
Physiology	Motor functions of Spinal cord I: Stretch Reflex	Describe structural organization of the muscle spindle. Define a reflex action and enlist components of reflex arc. Describe types of reflexes and their level of integration. Describe Stretch Reflex Differentiate between Static (Tonic) and Dynamic (Phasic) stretch reflex. Describe Functions of muscle spindle Discuss the physiological significance of these reflexes. Describe the Functions of Gamma efferent system. Describe the role of the muscle spindle in voluntary motor activity	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiology	Motor functions of Spinal cord II: Golgi Tendon Reflex, Withdrawal Reflexes	Describe Golgi Tendon Reflex Differentiate between muscle spindle and Golgi tendon organ. Describe types of polysynaptic reflexes and their level of integration. Discuss the physiological significance of these reflexes. Describe reciprocal inhibition and reciprocal innervation	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiology	Support of the body against gravity, Reflexes of Posture and Locomotion	Describe Positive Supportive Reaction Describe Cord "Righting" Reflexes. Describe stepping and walking movements. Describe Excitatory-Inhibitory Antagonism Between Pontine and Medullary Reticular Nuclei	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiology	Vestibular Sensations and Maintenance of Equilibrium	Describe the physiological anatomy of vestibular apparatus.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ

		Describe the function of the utricle and saccule in the maintenance of static equilibrium Describe function of semicircular ducts Describe Neuronal Connections of the Vestibular Apparatus Describe Vestibular mechanism for stabilizing the eyes			
Physiology	Lesions of the Spinal Cord: Upper and Lower Motor Neuron lesion	Define muscle tone and describe its significance. Explain the sequence of events during development of muscle tone. Discuss spinal shock. Differentiate between signs of the upper and lower motor neurons.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Biochemist ry	Glycerophospholi pids	Describe the biochemical composition of Glycerophospholipids	SGD (2)	2 hours	MCQS
General medicine	Approach to a patient of cord compression and hemiplegia	Discuss differences between paresis and plegia. Discuss the terminology Hemiplegia Quadriplegia Paraplegia Diplegia Discuss the differences between UMN and LMN lesion Describe the etiology, clinical	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
		features, investigations, and management of a patient with paraplegia and quadriplegia			
Biochemist ry	Micro pipetting	Enumerate principles and clinical uses. Demonstrate the skill of on Micro pipetting	Skill lab (2)	2 hours	OSPE
Physiology	Examination of sensory system	Examine the sensations (tactile, position, pain, thermal, vibration) of lower limb on a standardized patient	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Histology	Histology of Spinal Cord	Identify the microscopic features of spinal cord on a given slide.	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE

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		List two points of identification for each slide. Draw a labeled diagram of the identified tissue on the histology notebook with the help of H&E pencils.			
	T	heme 3 syncope			
Embryolog y	Development of Brain Stem	Describe the development of medulla, pons midbrain and cerebellum. Describe the developmental changes in alar and basal plates in the brainstem. Enlist the anomalies associated with it	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Anatomy	Structure of Medulla	Identify the gross features of medulla on a given model. Explain the gross features of medulla on a given model. Explain the internal structure of medulla. Correlate the significance of raised pressure in posterior cranial fossa to its effects on medulla oblongata.	SGA SGD	2 hours	OSPE MCQ
Anatomy	Structure of Pons	Identify the gross features of pons on a given model. Explain the internal structure of pons. Discuss the anatomical structures involved in Pontine hemorrhage.	SGA SGD	2 hours	OSPE MCQ
Anatomy	Blood Supply of Spinal Cord and Brain Stem	Describe the blood supply of different parts of brain stem and spinal cord. Describe the course and branches of Internal carotid artery, vertebral artery, basilar artery.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Anatomy	Structure of Mid Brain	Identify the gross structure of midbrain on a given model. Explain the internal structure of midbrain.	SGA SGD	2 hours	OSPE MCQ

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		Explain the clinical			
		consequences of trauma to			
		midbrain. Discuss the involvement of			
		nuclei of midbrain with the			
		blockage of cerebral aqueduct.			
Anatomy	Organization of	Describe the motor and	Interacti	1 hour	MCQ
Anatomy	Organization of Cranial Nerve	sensory nuclei of the cranial	ve	1 Hour	MCQ
	Nuclei	nerves.	Lecture		
	rvucici	Describe different components	Lecture		
		of the cranial nerves and their			
		functions.			
		Describe the crossed			
		extensor reflex along with			
		its neuronal mechanism.			
		Describe reciprocal			
		inhibition and innervations.			
		Describe the postural and			
		locomotive reflexes.			
Physiology	Involuntary	Describe the involuntary	Interacti	1 hour	MCQ
	function of brain	functions of the brain	ve		
			Lecture		
Physiology	Functions of	Describe the structure and	Interacti	1 hour	MCQ
	reticular activating	functions of RAS	ve		
	system		Lecture		
Physiology	Coma and brain	Define coma and describe	SGD	2 hours	MCQ
	death	brain death			2.50.5
Physiology	The Autonomic	Describe the differences in the	Interacti	1 hour	MCQ
	Nervous System 1	locations, level and	ve		
		organization of sympathetic	Lecture		
		and parasympathetic nervous			
		system. Identify the target organs of			
		sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous			
		system.			
		Describe the distribution of			
		afferent and efferent			
		sympathetic and			
		parasympathetic fibers to their			
		respective target organs.			
		Contrast the sympathetic and			
		parasympathetic branches of			
		the autonomic nervous system			
		based on spinal cord division			
		of origin, length of			
		preganglionic and			
		postganglionic neurons,			
		neurotransmitters, and			
		receptors at the ganglionic and			
		target organ synapse.			

Physiology Biochemist	The Autonomic Nervous System 2 Phosphosphingoli	Discuss basic characteristics of sympathetic and parasympathetic functions. Describe receptors on the effector organs. Describe the function of the adrenal medullae. Describe sympathetic and parasympathetic "tone." Describe "alarm" or "stress" response of the sympathetic nervous system Describe the metabolism of	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour 2 hours	MCQ MCQS
ry	pids Phospholipids I Sphingophospholi pids	phosphosphingolipids	、		
Biochemist	Phospholipids II	Describe the synthesis of	Interacti	1 hour	MCQS
ry		phospholipids (Phosphatidylcholine and phosphatidylethanolamine), synthesis of glycerol. ether phospholipids (cardiolipin and platelet activating factor)	ve lecture		
Biochemist ry	Phospholipids III	Explain the degradation of phospholipids, deficiency of lung surfactant, metabolism of glycolipids, biosynthesis of ceramide, sphingomyelin, and gangliosides, and degradation of sphingolipids along with sphingolipidoses	Interacti ve lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Pharmacolo gy	Synthesis and action of adrenergic and cholinergic neurotransmitters at the level of synapse	Explain the characteristics of transmitter synthesis, storage, release, and termination of action at cholinergic and noradrenergic nerve terminals Identify the site of action of different drugs at cholinergic and adrenergic synapses	Interacti ve lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Pharmacolo gy	Characteristics of important cholinoreceptor and adrenoreceptor in PNS	Explain Cholinergic receptor subtypes, their sites and characteristics of their mechanism of action Explain adrenoceptor types and subtypes and characteristics of their mechanism of action	Interacti ve lecture	1 hour	MCQS

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Forensic					
	Brain death	Certify brain death.	Interacti	1 hour	MCQS
medicine		Describe the medicolegal	ve		
		importance of brain death	lecture		
	1	xills and affective domain			
Physiology	Examination of	Examine a standardized patient	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
	reflexes	for deep tendon reflexes of			
- · · ·	~ .	upper and lower limbs	Q1 !!! 1 1		0.075
Biochemist	Spectrophotometr	Enumerate principles and	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
ry	У	clinical uses.	(3)		
		Demonstrate the skill of on			
A 4	T 4 1 4' 4	spectrophotometer machine	C1 '11 T 1	2.1	OCDE
Anatomy	Introduction to	Enumerate the various	Skill Lab	2 hours	OSPE
	Brain Stem	parts of the brainstem.			
		Explain the internal structure of brain stem			
		with the help of diagrams.			
		Discuss the positions of several			
		cranial nerve nuclei, the			
		olivary nuclear complex, and			
		various nerve tracts as they			
		ascend to the higher brain			
		centers or descend to the spinal			
		cord.			
		Hemiplegia / Apha			
Anatomy	Diencephalon	Describe gross features of	SGD	2 hours	OSPE
		parts of diencephalon,			
		.1 1 11 .1 1			
		thalamus, and hypothalamus.			1400
		Correlate the anatomical			MCQ
		Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus			MCQ
		Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the			MCQ
		Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like			MCQ
Anatomy	Third Ventricle of	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the	SGD	2 hours	MCQ MCQ
Anatomy	Third Ventricle of brain	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity	SGD	2 hours	
Anatomy		Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries.	SGD	2 hours	
Anatomy		Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and	SGD	2 hours	
	brain	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and flow of CSF Describe the gross features of the surfaces			MCQ
	brain Gross Features of	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and flow of CSF Describe the gross features of the surfaces of cerebrum.			MCQ
·	brain Gross Features of Cerebral	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and flow of CSF Describe the gross features of the surfaces of cerebrum. Describe the gross features			MCQ
·	brain Gross Features of Cerebral	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and flow of CSF Describe the gross features of cerebrum. Describe the gross features of the lobes of cerebrum.			MCQ MCQ
·	brain Gross Features of Cerebral	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and flow of CSF Describe the gross features of the surfaces of cerebrum. Describe the gross features of the lobes of cerebrum. Identify the main sulci and			MCQ MCQ
	brain Gross Features of Cerebral	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and flow of CSF Describe the gross features of the surfaces of cerebrum. Describe the gross features of the lobes of cerebrum. Identify the main sulci and gyri of cerebral hemispheres			MCQ MCQ
	brain Gross Features of Cerebral	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and flow of CSF Describe the gross features of the surfaces of cerebrum. Describe the gross features of the lobes of cerebrum. Identify the main sulci and gyri of cerebral hemispheres on the given model.			MCQ MCQ
·	brain Gross Features of Cerebral	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and flow of CSF Describe the gross features of the surfaces of cerebrum. Describe the gross features of the lobes of cerebrum. Identify the main sulci and gyri of cerebral hemispheres on the given model. Explain the phenomenon of			MCQ MCQ
Anatomy	brain Gross Features of Cerebral Hemisphere	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and flow of CSF Describe the gross features of the surfaces of cerebrum. Describe the gross features of the lobes of cerebrum. Identify the main sulci and gyri of cerebral hemispheres on the given model. Explain the phenomenon of cerebral dominance	SGD	2 hours	MCQ MCQ OSPE
,	brain Gross Features of Cerebral	Correlate the anatomical lesions of nuclei of thalamus and hypothalamus with the clinical conditions like diabetes insipidus and obesity Describe its boundaries. Explain its connection and flow of CSF Describe the gross features of the surfaces of cerebrum. Describe the gross features of the lobes of cerebrum. Identify the main sulci and gyri of cerebral hemispheres on the given model. Explain the phenomenon of			MCQ MCQ

	A (1)	Describe the features of commissural fibers, association fibers, projection fiber. Explain the effects of lesions of different parts of internal capsule	GGD	21	MGO
Anatom	Areas of brain	Identify the location of major sensory and motor areas within specific lobes with the help of dissection	SGD SGA	2 hours	MCQ OSPE
Anatom	Blood Supply of Cerebrum	Describe the blood supply of different parts of cerebrum. Explain the formation and importance of veins draining cerebrum. Explain the formation of circle of Willis. Explain boundaries and contents of interpeduncular fossa. Explain the features of anterior cerebral artery occlusion. Middle cerebral artery occlusion	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Anatom	y Lateral Ventricles of Brain	Enumerate ventricles of the brain Describe the relations and boundaries of each ventricle Describe the formation of choroid plexus	SGD	2 hours	MCQ
Embryol y	og Development of Cerebrum	Describe the development of cerebral hemispheres and ventricles. Explain the relation between congenital aqueduct stenosis and hydrocephalus. Explain the congenital anomalies associated with development of cerebrum.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Anatom	1-6 Cranial Nerves	Trace the pathway of Olfactory nerve from the nucleus to target organs on a model.	SGD	2 hours	OSPE, MCQ

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			Describe the formation of olfactory bulb and olfactory tract. Correlate the effects of lesion of olfactory nerve with special reference to clinical conditions causing anosmia. Trace the course of olfactory nerves from the olfactory receptor nerve cells in the olfactory mucous membrane to the cerebral cortex. Trace the course of optic nerve from the axons in the ganglionic layer of the retina to cerebral cortex. Enumerate the nuclei of oculomotor, trochlear and abducent nerve. Enumerate the nuclei of 5th cranial nerve			
	Anatomy	Limbic System and RAS	Define reticular activating system. Explain the structure of the reticular formation. Explain the strategic importance of location of reticular activating system among the important nerve tracts and nuclei. Enumerate various components of the limbic system. Explain the location all parts with the help of diagram.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
	Anatomy	7-12 cranial nerves	Enumerate the nuclei of 7th and 8th nerves. Describe the intracranial course of each nerve. Enumerate the nuclei of 9th, 10th 11th and 12th cranial nerves. Describe the intracranial course of each nerve.	SGD	2 hours	MCQ
P	Physiology	Cortical Control of Motor Functions	Describe Motor Functions of Specific Cortical Areas Describe transmission of signals from the motor cortex	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ

Physiology	Functions of	to the muscles. (Pyramidal and extrapyramidal). Explain the excitation of the spinal cord motor control areas by the primary motor cortex and red nucleus. Describe the functions of	Interacti	1 hour	MCQ
T Lijototogj	Descending Tracts	Descending Tracts Describe Decerebrate and Decorticate Rigidity	ve Lecture	2 220 02	2.20 (
Biochemist	de novo Synthesis of purines and pyrimidines	Explain the salvage pathways of nucleotide synthesis	Interacti ve lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochemist	Purine Nucleotide synthesis and degradation	Describe degradation of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides	Interacti ve lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochemist ry	Disorders associated with purine nucleotide metabolism	Describe adenosine. deaminase deficiency, purine nucleoside phosphorylase deficiency and its clinical importance	Interacti ve lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochemist	Hyperuricemia- Gout	Discuss the normal levels of serum Uric acid in the blood and effects of abnormal levels. Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, and clinical features of Gout	SGD (4)	2 Hours	MCQS
General medicine	Approach to a patient with CVA	Define hemiplegia Discuss etiological classification of stroke Differentiate between hemorrhagic, embolic and thrombotic stroke ischemic stroke Discuss clinical manifestations, investigations and management of stroke disorders Discuss the primary and	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Biochemist	Ultraviolet	Discuss the primary and secondary prevention of stroke Enumerate and demonstrate	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
ry	spectrophotometry	principles and clinical uses of Ultraviolet spectrophotometry	(4)		
Physiology	Examination of motor functions of the brain and spinal cord	Examine a standardized patient for power, tone and movements of upper and lower limbs, speech, memory, and other higher cortical functions	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Anatomy	Thalamus	Enumerate its various nuclei.	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE, MCQ

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			Explain its division. Enumerate its various connections. Explain clinical conditions related to it			
	Anatomy	Hypothalamus	Enumerate its various nuclei. Explain its division. Enumerate its various connections. Explain clinical conditions related to it	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE, MCQ
	Anatomy	Imaging of CNS	Describe the appearance of different parts of the brain in: Radio graphs MRI CT	Skill Lab	2 hours	OSPE
		Tl	heme 5 Tremors			
	Anatomy	Ventricle (4 th)	Describe the boundaries of ventricle. Enumerate various nuclei present at this level. Describe its communications. Explain flow of CSF	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
	Anatomy	Basal Ganglia	Describe the various basal nuclei. □ Explain the position of the different basal nuclei with the help of diagrams showing lateral view of dissected cerebral hemisphere. Explain the relationships of the different basal nuclei. Enumerate the connections of various basal nuclei. Define Hyperkinetic and hypokinetic disorders.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ

		Correlate the neuronal degeneration with the development of Parkinsonism.			
Physiology	Cerebellum I: Basic Circuit and Connections	Describe the divisions of cerebellum into 3 lobes and their connections. Describe Interconnections of neurons of cerebellar cortex. Describe Cerebellar afferent fibers. Describe Cerebellar efferent fibers. Describe the functional circuits of cerebellum.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiology	Cerebellum II: Functions and Disorders	Explain the functional differences between vermis and cerebellar hemispheres. Describe Functions of vestibulocerebellum Describe Functions of spinocerebellum Describe Functions of cerebrocerebellum Describe the clinical abnormalities of cerebellum	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiology	Basal Ganglia I: Pathways and connections	Describe the anatomical and physiological classification of basal ganglia. Describe the functional circuits of basal ganglia. Describe connections of putamen circuit. Describe connections of caudate circuit. Enlist the differences between direct and indirect pathways	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiology	Basal Ganglia II: Functions and Diseases	Describe functions of putamen circuit. Describe functions of caudate circuit. Explain the clinical problems related to basal ganglia	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Biochemist ry	Natural and synthetic derivatives of purines and pyrimidines	Discuss the natural and synthetic derivatives of purines and pyrimidines and their role in health and disease	SGD (5)	2 Hours	MCQS
Pharmacolo gy	Drugs used in the treatment of Parkinson's disease	Enlist the groups used in treatment of parkinsonism Explain the mechanism of action of these drugs	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ

General	Annroach to a	Diggues hymoleinatic and	Interacti	1 hour	MCQ
medicine	Approach to a patient with	Discuss hypokinetic and hyperkinetic disorders	ve	1 nour	MCQ
medicine	movement	Describe the pathophysiology,	Lecture		
	disorders	clinical features and treatment	Lecture		
	disorders	of Parkinson's disease			
Community	Risk factors of	Enlist cerebrovascular diseases	Interacti	1 hour	MCQ
medicine	cerebrovascular	Describe risk factors for the	ve		
	diseases	development of	Lecture		
		cerebrovascular diseases			
		Discuss the prevention and			
		control measures			
Physiology	Examination of	Illicit cerebellar signs in a	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
	cerebellum	standardized patient			
Biochemistr	Uric Acid	Perform and interpret the test	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
У		of uric acid.	(5)		
		Memories the reference ranges			
A 4	C 1 11	of uric acid	C1 '11		OCDE
Anatomy	Cerebellum	Explain the features of lobes of cerebellum on	Skill Lab		OSPE
		the given model.	Lau		
		Explain the gross			
		anatomical features of			MCQ
		cerebellar cortex.			MCQ
		Explain the cerebellar			
		afferent fibers & efferent			
		fibers.			
		Discuss the anatomical lesion			
		within the parts of cerebellum			
		with disturbance of voluntary			
	TT' - 1 0	movements	G1 '11 T 1	2.1	OGDE
Anatomy	Histology of	Identify the microscopic	Skill Lab	2 hours	OSPE
	Cerebellum and	features of cerebellum on a			
	Cerebrum	given slide.			
		Identify the histological features of cerebrum under			
		microscope.			
		List two points of			
		identification for each			
		slide.			
		Draw a labeled diagram of the			
		identified tissue on the			
		histology notebook with the			
		help of H&E pencils.			
	Th	eme 6 Headache			
Anatomy	Meninges of brain	Explain the meninges of	SGD	1 hour	MCQ
<i>J</i>	1	brain on the given model.			
		Explain the Dural			
		reflections with special			

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			emphasis on tentorium cerebelli and falx cerebri. Explain the features of spaces within meninges. Define Meningitis Explain the structures encountered during lumbar puncture. Co-relate the significance of anatomical attachments in relation to meningitis			
Aı	natomy	Venous Sinuses of Brain	Explain the attachments of Dural venous sinuses of brain with the help of diagrams. Describe the important relations with the help of diagrams. Discuss the involvement of the facial vein with the occlusion of venous sinuses. Correlate the absence of venous valves in dural venous sinuses to the metastasis of tumor cells.	SGD	1 hour	MCQ
Aı	natomy	Gross Anatomy of ANS-I	Describe the autonomic nervous system. Enlist the differences between sympathetic and parasympathetic system.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Phy	ysiology	Pain Sensation Pathways	Describe pain receptors and types of stimuli causing pain. Describe types of pain. Explain in detail the pathway for pain.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Phy	ysiology	Pain suppression (analgesia) System in the brain and Spinal cord	Define analgesia. Explain pain suppression system in the brain and spinal cord. Describe Gate control theory and Brain Opiate system. Describe clinical abnormalities of pain: Primary and Secondary Hyperalgesia	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Phy	ysiology	Headache, Referred Pain	Define referred pain and describe its mechanism. Describe the clinical significance of referred pain with examples.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ

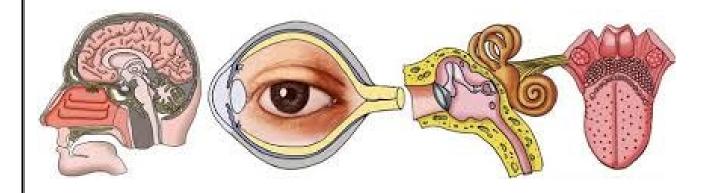
Physiolog	y Thermal Sensations	Enumerate the causes of referred pain. Enlist the causes of intracranial and extra-cranial headache and correlate with the underlying mechanism of pain. Describe thermal receptors and their excitation. Describe mechanism of stimulation of thermal receptors Describe transmission of thermal signals	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiolog	y Functions of Specific Cortical Areas (Concept of Dominant Hemisphere)	in the nervous system Name the association areas of brain. Briefly describe their location and function. Draw the diagram of cerebral cortex to show the different functional areas	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiolog	Speech and Speech	Define and classify speech. Describe how the brain performs the function of speech. Describe Broca's area in the brain, and its function. Describe Wernicke's area in the brain, and its function. Describe the speech pathways for perceiving a heard word and then speaking the same word & perceiving a written word and repeating it and correlate it with their clinical significance. Describe the effects of damage to Broca's area and Wernicke's area. Describe disorders related to speech.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Physiolog	y Learning and Memory	Define and classify memory and explain its basic mechanism. Describe the mechanism of synaptic facilitation and synaptic inhibition. Describe consolidation of memory, and briefly describe one of its most important features.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ

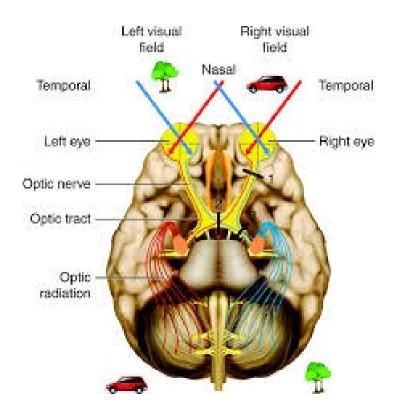
Phys	iology	Activating- Driving Systems of the Brain	Describe Codifying of new memories Role of specific parts of the brain in the memory process Explain disorders related to memory. Describe bulboreticular facilitatory area. Explain continuous stimulation from lower brain by four neurohormonal systems. Explain continuous stimulation from lower brain by four neurohormonal systems.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Phys	iology	Limbic System	Describe the principal components of the limbic system: hippocampus, amygdala, prefrontal cortex, and nucleus accumbens, the pathways connecting them and their functions. Discuss the anatomy of memory and emotion in relation to the limbic system. Describe Functions of limbic system Describe the connection of hypothalamus with different areas of brain. Describe the vegetative and endocrine functions of hypothalamus. Describe the behavioral functions of hypothalamus.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Phys	iology	Brain Waves and Sleep	Describe brain waves. Describe the clinical significance of EEG. Define sleep. Describe its various types and characteristics. Describe basic theories of sleep. Describe the genesis of n-REM and REM sleep. Enumerate the neurotransmitters involved in sleep. Describe various sleep disorders.	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
Phys	iology	Seizures and Epilepsy	Define seizure and epilepsy. Classify seizures & epilepsies.	SGD	2 hours	MCQ

		Enumerate causes of seizure			
		and epilepsy.			
		Discuss the clinical features of			
		patients present with epilepsy.			
		Discuss the significance of			
		electrophysiologic studies			
		imaging and other			
		investigations in epilepsy.			
		Describe briefly about			
		pharmacologic treatment.			
Physiology	CSF formation,	Describe regulation of cerebral	SGD	2 hours	MCQ
	circulation, and	blood flow.			
	functions	Describe formation, flow, and			
		absorption.			
		of cerebrospinal fluid			
		Describe Blood-Cerebrospinal			
		Fluid and			
		Blood-Brain Barriers			
Biochemist	Eicosanoids	Describe synthesis of	Interacti	1 hour	MCQS
ry		eicosanoids, their regulation,	ve		
		and functions along with their	lecture		
		biomedical importance.			
Biochemist	Prostaglandins and	Define Prostaglandins	SGD (4)	2	MCQS
ry	pain	Describe the role of		Hours	
		Prostaglandins in initiation of			
D .1 1	.11.	pain	T	1.1	1400
Pathology	Alzheimer's	Explain the pathogenesis and	Interacti	1 hour	MCQ
	disease	microscopic findings of	ve		
		Alzheimer's disease and its	Lecture		
D - 41 1	T. Cl	types			
Pathology	Inflammation of	Describe the inflammatory			
	brain	processes related to meninges			
		and brain parenchyma. Describe the pathogenic			
		1 0			
		mechanisms of meningitis and			
General	Approach to a	encephalitis Define seizure and epilepsy	Interacti	1 hour	MCQ
medicine		Discuss ILAE classification of	ve	1 HOUI	MCQ
medicine	patient with	epilepsy	Ve Lecture		
	seizures	Discuss differential diagnosis	Lecture		
		of seizures			
		Discuss approach to a 1st			
		seizure in a patient			
		Describe the investigations of a			
		patient with epilepsy			
		Enlist anti-epileptic drugs and			
		their mechanism of action,			
		choice of AEDs and side			
		effects			
 <u> </u>	I			L	

Radiology	Neuroradiology- CT scans Neuroradiology- MRI scans	Describe relevant CT scan findings of intracerebral bleeds, hematomas, and subarachnoid hemorrhage. Describe relevant CT scan findings of ischemic strokes Describe relevant MR scan findings of intracerebral	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
		bleeds, hematomas. Describe relevant MR scan findings of ischemic strokes			
Neurosurge ry	Brain injuries	Describe the types, clinical presentations, and investigations of a patient with head injury	Interacti ve Lecture	1 hour	MCQ
	Brain and spinal tumors	Explain the types, clinical features and investigations of brain and spinal tumors			
Biochemist	Centrifugation	Enumerate different types of centrifugations along with their principles and clinical uses. Demonstrate the skill of centrifugation	Skill lab (6)	2 hours	OSPE
Physiology	Examination of superficial reflexes	Examine a standardized patient for superficial reflexes	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Anatomy	Meninges of Brain-II	Describe the attachments of meninges with the help of dissection. Explain the supratentorial and infratentorial compartments of tentorium cerebelli with the help of dissection. Describe the extradural and subdural hematoma. Explain Dural origins of headache.	Dissectio n/ Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE

Neurosciences-1B Module





Module committee

Chairperson curriculum committee	Dr. Humaira Gulnaz	Professor Anatomy	
Curriculum Coordinator	Dr. Ayesha Ayub	In charge HPERD	
Module coordinator	Dr. Sidra Latif	Senior Demonstrator Physiology	
	Academic team members		
Biochemistry	Dr. Tahira Bashir	Senior Demonstrator Biochemistry	
Anatomy	Dr. Uzma	Assistant Professor Anatomy	
Physiology	Dr. Sidra Latif	Senior Demonstrator Physiology	
Community medicine	Dr. Fozia Zahur Malik	Demonstrator Community Medicine	
ENT	Dr. Zahid Gill	Associate professor ENT	
Ophthalmology	Dr. Farah Huma	Senior registrar ophthalmology	
Pediatric surgery	Dr. Muhammad Ismail		
Medicine	Dr. Zaheer Ahmad	Senior Registrar Medicine	
Behavioral sciences	Dr. Sinha	PGR Psychiatry	

	LIST OF THEMES			
SR.	THEMES	Duration		
no.				
1)	Facial palsy (face, 5 th and 7 th	1 week		
	cranial nerves)			
2)	Neck swelling (thyroid, larynx,	1 week		
	neck, muscles etc.)			
3)	Cleft palate (palate, tongue,	1 week		
	pharynx)			
4)	Anosmia			
5)	Diplopia / blindness (2 nd , 3rd, 4th,	1 week		
	6th cranial nerve / eyeball / orbit)			
6)	Deafness (ear / 8 th nerve)	1 week		

Introduction

The Neurosciences module, an exciting journey through the complexities of the human brain and nervous system. As future healthcare professionals, understanding the intricacies of the nervous system is crucial for diagnosing and managing various neurological disorders. This module will delve into the structure and function of the brain, spinal cord, and peripheral nerves. You will explore the fascinating world of neurons, synapses, and neurotransmitters, and gain insights into the pathophysiology of common neurological conditions. Through lectures, tutorials, and practical sessions, you will develop a solid foundation in neurosciences. By the end of this module, you will be able to apply your knowledge to real-life clinical scenarios and develop essential skills for neurological examination and diagnosis.

Rationale

The Neurosciences module is designed to provide undergraduate medical students with a comprehensive understanding of the structure and function of the nervous system, as well as its role in health and disease. The rationale for this module is as follows:

- 1. Foundational knowledge: A strong foundation in neurosciences is essential for understanding various neurological disorders and developing effective management strategies.
- 2. Clinical relevance: Neurological disorders are common and have significant impacts on patients' quality of life. This module will enable students to develop essential skills for neurological examination, diagnosis, and management.
- 3. Interdisciplinary connections: Neurosciences is an interdisciplinary field that draws on knowledge from anatomy, physiology, biochemistry, pharmacology, and psychology. This module will highlight these connections and promote an integrated understanding of the nervous system.
- 4. Development of critical thinking and problem-solving skills: Through case-based learning and problem-solving exercises, students will develop critical thinking and analytical skills essential for diagnosing and managing complex neurological disorders.
- 5. Preparation for clinical practice: This module will prepare students for clinical rotations in neurology, psychiatry, and other related specialties, where they will encounter patients with various neurological disorders.

General learning outcomes

At the end of this module, the 2nd year students will be able to:

- 1) Describe the structure of vertebrae, skull bones palate, pharynx, larynx, facial bones, and base of the skull.
- 2) Describe the contents walls and boundaries of anterior and posterior triangles of the neck.
- 3) Describe the structure, relation, blood supply and venous drainage of thyroid.
- 4) Describe the arteries, veins and nerves of the neck including cervical plexuses.
- 5) Describe the nuclei, course, relations, and structures supplies by all cranial nerves.
- 6) Describe the origin, course, relations, and structures supplies by the arteries, veins and lymphatics of head and neck.
- 7) Describe the anatomy of all the muscles of facial expression and head and neck.
- 8) Describe the structure and functions of eye, ears, nose, and paranasal sinuses.
- 9) Describe the development of different structures of organs of the head and neck.
- 10) Identify the microscopic structure of salivary glands and tongue.
- 11) Examine a standardized patient's cranial nerves.
- 12) Demonstrate Perimetry and Audiometry.

Sr.no	Subject	Topic	Learning objectives	Teaching strategies	Duratio n	Assessmen t
	Theme 1	Facial palsy	(face, 5 th and 7 th	th crani	al ner	ves)
	Anatomy	Gross Anatomy of scalp	Enumerate layers of scalp Describe gross features of each layer. Describe the course of arteries, veins and nerves supplying the scalp with the help of model. Describe the danger area of the scalp. Describe the role of occipitofrontalis in preventing spread of scalp Infections towards neck		1 Hours	MCQS
	Anatomy	Gross anatomy of face	Describe the muscles of face along with their nerve supply with the help of models. Describe the actions of muscles of face. Describe the course of arteries, veins and nerves supplying the face with the help of model. Describe the features of Facial Infections and Cavernous Sinus Thrombosis	SGD	2 hours	MCQS
	Anatomy	Blood supply and lymphatic drainage of face	Describe the course and branches of arteries supplying the face. Describe the venous drainage of face. Describe the venous communication of face and its effects. Describe the lymphatic drainage of face	Interactiv e lecture	1 Hours	MCQS
	Gross Anatomy	Extra cranial course of trigeminal nerve	Trace the pathway of Trigeminal nerve from nucleus to target organs.	Interactiv e lecture	1 Hours	MCQS

		Enumerate the divisions of trigeminal nerve Describe the features of Trigeminal Neuralgia Describe the pathway of mandibular, maxillary & ophthalmic divisions from nucleus to target organs. Describe the lesions of nerves with special reference to infections of molar teeth.			
Gross Anatomy	Extra cranial course of CN VII	Describe the extra cranial course of CN VII along with its clinical importance	Interactiv e lecture	1 Hours	MCQS
Embryology	Development of face1		Interactiv e lecture	1 Hours	MCQS
Embryology	Development of face2	Describe the intermaxillary segment. Describe the embryological defects in the development of face			
Biochem.	Replication I	Describe steps of replication in prokaryotes Enumerate proteins for the separation of DNA strands. Describe the proofreading mechanism.	Interactiv e lecture	1 Hours	MCQS
Biochem.	Replication II	Describe eukaryotic DNA polymerases. Explain the telomer with telomerase. Describe the mechanism of telomer shortening	Interactiv e lecture	1 Hours	MCQS
Biochem.	Transcription I	Explain prokaryotic RNA polymerase. Describe different steps in prokaryotic transcription	Interactiv e lecture	1 hours	MCQS
Biochem	Central dogma	Discuss the structural basis of cellular information.	SGD	2 hours	MCQS

Faisalabad Medical University Types of DNA, DNA organization, and karyotyping Describe the clinical Medicine Bell's palsy features and management of Bell's palsy Skills and affective domain Skull Skill lab 2 hours MCQS Anatomy anterior Describe the bones and lateral view forming the anterior view of skull on the given bone. Mark the main anatomical landm a r k s like orbit, nasal cavity and oral cavity and mark their boundaries. Describe the bones forming posterior view of skull on the given bone. Mark the main anatomical landmarks like internal occipital protuberance, lambdoid suture, and superior nuchal lines on the given bone. Describe the bones forming the lateral view of skull on the given bone. Describe the boundarie of temporal and infra temporal fossa and pterygopalatine fossa on the given bone. Mark the bones forming and explain pterion clinical importance of pterion with the help of diagram. Base of skull Skill lab 2 hours **MCQS** Anatomy Describe the bones forming inferior view of skull on the given bone. Describe the attachments on the base of skull. Mark the foramina at the base of skull and

		enumerate the contents of clinically relevant foramina.			
Anatomy	Norma frontalis	Enlist the bones present in norma frontalis. Enumerate the external boundaries of nose and orbit. Describe the zygomatic arch	Skill Lab	2 hours	MCQS
Physiology	Examination of Cranial nerves, V, VII (trigeminal, facial)	Examine the cranial nerves V & VII on a standardized patient	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Biochem.	Infrared spectrometry	demonstrate principal and clinical uses of infrared spectrometry	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE

Theme 2 Neck swelling (thyroid, larynx, neck, muscles etc.)

Gross Anatomy	Deep fascia of neck	deep cervical fascia. Describe the layers of deep cervical fascia along with its clinical importance	e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Gross Anatomy	Ant. triangle of neck	Enlist the subdivisions of anterior triangle of neck. Describe the boundaries and contents of each triangle	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Gross Anatomy	Post triangle of neck	Enlist the subdivisions of posterior triangle of neck. Describe the boundaries and contents of each triangle	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Gross Anatomy	Blood supply of neck		Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS

Gross Anatomy	Nerves of neck	Describe the cervical plexus along with its branches and distribution	e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Gross Anatomy	Lymphatic drainage of head and neck	Describe the lymphatic drainage of head and neck	Interactiv	1 hour	MCQS
Gross Anatomy	Surface marking of neck	Mark surface markings of:	SGD	1 hour	MCQS
		I. Subclavia n vessels			
		II. Common carotid			
		artery III. Internal			
		carotid			
		IV. External carotid			
		artery			
		V. Internal juggler			
		vein VI. Vagus			
		nerve VII. Thyroid			
		gland Trachea			
Gross Anatomy	Sub mandibular region	Describe the muscles present in the	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
		submandibular region and sublingual region			
		with the help of model. Enumerate the nerves vessels and ganglion in submandibular and sublingual region. Describe their distribution on a given model.			

Biochem.	Transcription II	Describe the synthesis of eukaryotic RNA transcript	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochem.	Post- transcriptional modification	Describe the synthesis of mature tRNA and rRNA. Explain mRNA splicing in eukaryotes	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochem.	DNA repair	Discuss DNA damage and its repair. Discuss different types of mutation and their consequences.	SGD	2 hours	MCQS
ENT	Lump in neck	Approach to a patient	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
	Skill	with lump in the neck s and affective domain	e lecture		
Gross		Describe the bony	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Anatomy	atypical cervical vertebra	features of typical & atypical cervical			
		vertebrae.			
		Name the joints formed			
		by them.			
		Describe the attachments			
Gross	Pterygopalatine fossa	Name the boundaries of	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Anatomy	1088a	pterygopalatine fossa.			
		Enumerate the contents			
		of pterygopalatine fossa.			
		Describe the relations & communications of pterygopalatine fossa			
Gross	Larynx	Name the paired and	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Anatomy		unpaired cartilages of			
		larynx.			
		Enumerate the ligaments			
		and membrane of larynx.			
		Describe the nerve and			
		blood supply of larynx.			
		Enumerate the intrinsic			
		and extrinsic muscle of			
		larynx along with its			
		actions and nerve supply.			

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		Describe the clinical			
		aspects related to it along			
		with different spaces and			
		fossa			
Biochem.	Collection of samples	Demonstrate the skill of collection of urine sample and preservation	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Physiology	Examination of Cranial nerves XI (accessory), XII	patient for Cranial nerves	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE

Theme 3 Cleft palate (palate, tongue, pharynx)

Theme 4 Anosmia

Gross Anatomy	Pharynx	Enumerate the division of pharynx. Describe the boundaries of each division. Describe the attachment, action and nerve supply of pharynx. Describe the clinical significance of each	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Gross Anatomy	Extra cranial course of IX, X, XI & XII	division Describe the extra cranial course of nerves. Describe clinical significance of each nerve	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Embryology	Pharyngeal apparat Us 1	Describe the components of pharyngeal apparatus. Describe the development of pharyngeal apparatus. Enlist the derivatives of 1st each pharyngeal arch.	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS

	1		- ·			
			Define the terms			
			pharyngeal arch, pouch,			
			cleft and membrane.			
			Enlist the derivatives of			
			1^{st} ,2 nd , 3^{rd} and 4^{th}			
			pharyngeal pouches			
	Embryology	Pharyngeal	Enlist the derivatives of		1 hour	MCQS
		apparat	2 nd , 3 rd & 4 th each	e lecture		
		Us 2	pharyngeal arch.			
			Define the terms			
			pharyngeal arch, pouch,			
			cleft and membrane.			
			Enlist the derivatives of			
			1^{st} ,2 nd , 3^{rd} and 4^{th}			
			pharyngeal pouches.			
	Embryology	Pharyngeal	Discuss the arterial	Interactiv	1 hour	MCQS
		apparat	supply and innervation of	e lecture		
		Us 3	the pharyngeal arches.			
			Describe the pharyngeal			
			membranes.			
			Discuss the branchial			
			cyst, sinuses, and fistula.			
			Describe the 1 st arch			
		5.1	developmental defects	-		1,600
	Embryology	Palate	Describe the	Lecture	1 hour	MCQS
			development of primary			
			and secondary palate.			
			Discuss the			
			developmental defects of			
			lip and primary,			
			secondary palate			
	Embryology	Development of	Describe the	Lecture	1 hour	MCQS
		nose	development of nasal			
			cavities and paranasal air			
			sinuses.			
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		Describe the			
		development of			
		nasolacrimal groove,			
		duct, and sac.			
		Enlist developmental			
		defects of nose			
Biochem.	Translation 1	Describe the genetic code, components of the translational machinery, and wobble hypothesis.	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochem.	Translation 11	Explain the steps involved in translation	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochem.	Post- translational modification	Describe protein targeting and mechanism of mature functional protein.	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochem.	Blotting	Discuss southern	SGD	2 hours	MCQS
	techniques	blotting, northern blotting, western blotting			
Physiology	Sense of Smell	Describe olfactory membrane. Explain the mechanism of excitation of the olfactory cells. Discuss Rapid Adaptation of Olfactory Sensations. Define threshold for smell. Describe transmission of smell signals into the central nervous system Describe primitive and newer olfactory pathways into the central nervous system. Describe centrifugal control of activity in the olfactory bulb by the central nervous system.	SGD	2 hours	MCQS
Physiology	Sense of Taste	Discuss primary sensations of taste.	SGD	2 hours	MCQS

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		Explain threshold for taste. Describe the taste bud and its function. Describe mechanism of stimulation of taste buds Describe transmission of taste signals into the central nervous system			
ENT	Sinusitis	Describe the causes and clinical features of acute and chronic sinusitis	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Pediatric surgery	Cleft palate	Describe the pathogenesis, clinical features, and management of a patient with cleft palate	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Gross Anatomy	Palate	Name the bones forming the hard palate. Describe the soft palate along with its muscles, attachments, and nerve supply. Describe the relations of palate. Describe the relations of palate. Name the neurovascular supply of palate		2 hours	MCQS
Gross Anatomy	Nose and paranasal sinuses1	Describe the external features of nose. Describe the boundaries of nasal cavity. Describe the relations of nose with other structures. Describe the lateral wall of nose.	Skill lab	2 hours	MCQS

			Describe the blood			
			supply and nerve supply			
			of lateral wall of nose			
Gross		Nose and	Describe the medial wall	Skill Lab	2 hours	MCQS
Anato	my	paranasal	of nose.			
		sinuses2	Describe the nerve and			
			blood supply of medial			
			wall.			
			Describe the paranasal			
			sinuses along with their			
			contents.			
			Describe their openings			
			and applied aspects			
			related to them			
Anato	my	Olfactory Nerve	Trace the pathway of Olfactory nerve from nucleus to target organs on a model. Describe the formation of olfactory bulb and olfactory tract. Correlate the effects of lesion of olfactory nerve with special reference to clinical conditions causing anosmia	Skill Lab	1 hour	MCQS
Histol	ogy	Retina	Able to identify structure under microscope. Able to make Histological diagram	Skill lab	1 hour	MCQS
Physic	ology	Examination of Cranial nerves I, IX, X (olfactory, glossopharyngea	Examine a standardized patient for cranial nerve I, IX, X examination (sense of smell, taste, gag	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
		l, vagus)	reflex)			

Biochem.	ELISA	Enumerate and discuss	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPI
		the principle and its			
		clinical applications.			
heme 5	Diplopia / b	lindness (2 nd , 3r	d, 4th,	6th cr	ania
	nerve	/ eyeball / orbit	()		
Gross	Lacrimal	Enumerate the structures	SGD	2 hours	MCC
Anatomy	apparatus	forming lacrimal			
		apparatus. Describe the gross			
		features of each part			
		of lacrimal apparatus. Describe the nerve			
		supply of lacrimal			
		apparatus. Co relates the			
		anatomical structures of			
		lacrimal apparatus with			
		the features of blocked			
		Lacrimal duct			
Gross	Extra cranial	Describe the course of	Laatura	1 hour	MCC
Anatomy			Lecture	1 Hour	MICC
•	course of CN III,	optic, oculomotor,			
	IV, VI	trochlear and			
		abducent nerve with			
		clinical importance.			
		Describe Ciliary			
		Ganglion			
Histology	Eye 1	Enlist different	Lecture	1 hour	MCC
		histological layers of the			
		eye.			
		Describe Histological			
		structure of Fibrous and			
		uveal layer			
Histology	Eye 2	Enlist different layers of	Lecture	1 hour	MCC
0,					1

			Describe Histological			
			structure of each layer of			
			retina			
Em	bryology	Development of	Introduction of lens &	Lecture	1 hour	MCQS
		Eye 1	retina			
Em	bryology	Development of	Development of optic	Lecture	1 hour	MCQS
		eye 2	nerve, ciliary body & Iris			
Em	bryology	Development of	Development of choroid,	Lecture	1 hour	MCQS
		eye 3	sclera, aqueous chamber			
			& cornea			
Em	bryology	Development of	Development of vitreous	Lecture	1hr	MCQS
		eye 4	and eyelids			
			Anomalies of eye			
Phy	ysiology	Physical Principles of Optics	Describe refraction at interface between two media. Describe the physical principles of optics. Apply refractive principles to lenses. Describe Focal Length of a Lens Explain formation of image by convex lenses Explain how to measure refractive power of a lens	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Phy	ysiology	Optics of The Eye	Explain lens system of the eye. Describe the concept of "Reduced" Eye. Explain accommodation reflex. Explain presbyopia. Describe that "depth of focus" of the lens system increases with decreasing pupillary diameter. Define visual acuity. Explain the determination of distance of an object from the eye— "DEPTH PERCEPTION"	Interactive e lecture	1 hour	MCQS

		Describe errors of			
		refraction			
Physiology	Fluid System of The Eye— Intraocular Fluid	Describe the formation of aqueous humor by the ciliary body. Describe the outflow of aqueous humor from the eye. Describe Regulation of Intraocular Pressure and	SGD	2 hours	MCQS
		Glaucoma			
Physiology	Anatomy and Function of The Structural Elements of The Retina	Describe foveal region of the retina and its importance in acute vision. Discuss the functional parts of the Rods and Cones. Describe blood supply of	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
		the retina—the central			
		retinal artery and the			
		choroid			
Physiology	Photochemistry of Vision	Explain rhodopsin- retinal visual cycle and excitation of the rods. Explain the role of vitamin A for formation of rhodopsin. Describe excitation of the rod when rhodopsin is activated by light. Describe receptor potential, and logarithmic relation of the receptor potential to light intensity. Describe mechanism by which rhodopsin decomposition decreases membrane sodium conductance—the excitation "cascade." Explain dark and light adaptation.	Interactive e lecture	1 hour	MCQS

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Physiology	Color Vision	Describe photochemistry of color vision by the cones Explain tricolor mechanism of color detection. Explain Young-Helmholtz theory of color vision. Explain color blindness.	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Physiology	Neural Function of The Retina	Describe different neuronal cell types and their functions. Describe the visual pathway from the cones to the ganglion cells. Discuss the retinal neurotransmitters. Discuss retinal ganglion cells and their respective fields. Describe lateral inhibition. Explain excitation of ganglion cells. Discuss on and off response of ganglion cells.	Interactive e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Physiology	Visual Pathways	Discuss the function of the dorsal lateral geniculate nucleus of the thalamus. Describe organization and function of the visual cortex. Describe primary visual cortex. Describe secondary visual areas of the cortex. Describe two major pathways for analysis of visual information: (1) the fast "position" and "motion" pathway and (2) the accurate color pathway. Describe neuronal patterns of stimulation	Interactive e lecture	1 hour	MCQS

		during analysis of the visual image. Discuss detection of color			
Physiology	Eye Movements and Their Control	Describe muscular control of eye movements. Describe neural pathways for control of eye movements. Describe fixation movements of the eyes. Explain the mechanism of involuntary locking fixation role of the superior colliculi. Explain "Fusion" of the visual images. from the two eyes Describe neural mechanism of stereopsis for judging distances of	Interactive e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Physiology	Autonomic control of Accommodation and pupillary aperture	visual objects Describe autonomic nerves to the eyes. Describe control of accommodation Describe control of pupillary diameter Discuss Pupillary reflexes or reactions in central nervous system disease.	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochem.	Gene regulation I	Explain lac operon, trp. operon for gene expression and regulation	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochem.	Coordination of gene regulation and expression	Explain stringent response. Explain regulation through ribosomal proteins	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS

Biochem.	Gene regulation	Explain cis-acting	Interactiv	1 hour	MCQS
	II	elements and trans-	e lecture		
		acting factors with different motifs.			
		Explain regulation with			
		different receptors			
Biochem.	Molecular	DNA cloning,	SGD	2 Hours	MCQS
	biological	recombinant DNA			
		technology, PCR			
	techniques				
Community	Prevention of	Enlist the causes of	Interactiv	1 hour	MCQS
medicine	blindness	blindness	e lecture		
		Discuss the prevention			
Medicine	Amma a ala ta a	of community blindness	Interactiv	1 hour	MCOS
Medicine	Approach to a	Describe the clinical features and	e lecture	1 nour	MCQS
	patient with	management of Bell's			
	Bell's palsy and	palsy			
	ocular nerve	Discuss differences			
		between upper motor			
	palsies	neuron and lower motor			
		neuron facial nerve			
		palsy			
		Discuss management			
		options for management of bell's			
		palsy			
		Describe the clinical			
		features and etiology of			
		3, 4 and 6 th nerve palsies			
Ophthalmolog	Approach to a	Define and classify	Interactiv	1 hour	MCQS
У	patient with	blindness.	e lecture		
	blindness	Enlist the essential			
	biindness	component of history-			
		taking Discuss differential			
		diagnosis			
		Explain the early			
		detection and			
		prevention strategies			
Gross	Bony orbit	Name the bones forming	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Anatomy		the bony orbit.			
		Identify the foramina,			
		fissures, and fossae			
		associated with the orbit			

		and what are the			
		structures transmitted			
		through these openings.			
		Name the contents of orbit			
Gross	Eyeball 1	Name the layers of	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Anatomy		eyeball.			
		Describe each layer of			
		eyeball.			
		Describe the chambers			
		and eyeball.			
		Describe the secretion and drainage of aqueous humor and vitreous humor			
Gross	Eyeball 2	Describe the	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Anatomy		neurovascular supply of			
		eye.			
		Describe the intra and extraocular muscles with their attachment, actions, and nerve supply			
Histology	Cornea	Able to identify under	Skill lab	2 hours	MCQS
		microscope.			
		Able to make and label histological diagram of cornea			
Histology	Retina	Able to identify under	Skill lab	2 hours	MCQS
		microscope.			
		Able to make and label histological diagram of Retina			
Physiology	Visual Acuity	Examine a standardized patient for visual acuity and errors of refraction	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Physiology	Perimetry	Examine a standardized patient for visual field function	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Physiology	Color vision	Examination of color vision	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE

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Ph	ysiology	Ophthalmoscopy	Examination of ophthalmoscopy	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Bio	ochem.	Polymerase chain reaction	Enumerate and demonstrate PCR, its	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
		Theme 6 De	procedure, clinical uses eafness (ear / 8 th	nerve)		
Em	nbryology	Development of ear 1	Development of external ear	Lecture	1 hour	MCQS
		Cai I	Developmental anomalies of external ear			
Em	nbryology	Development of ear 2	Development of Middle ear	Lecture	1 hour	MCQS
			Developmental anomalies of middle ear			
Em	nbryology	Development of ear 3	Development of internal ear	Lecture	1 hour	MCQS
			Developmental anomalies of internal ear			
His	stology	Ear	Enlist parts of ear Describe the histology of each part	Lecture	1 hour	MCQS
	oss	Middle ear 2	or each part	SGD	2 hours	MCQS
Phy	ysiology	Tympanic Membrane and The Ossicular system	Explain conduction of sound from the tympanic membrane to the cochlea. Describe "Impedance Matching" by the Ossicular System. Describe attenuation of sound by contraction of the tensor tympani and stapedius muscles. Describe the transmission of sound through bone.	e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Phy	ysiology	Cochlea	Describe functional anatomy of the cochlea. Describe basilar membrane and resonance in the cochlea.	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS

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Physiology	Auditory Nervous Pathways	Describe transmission of sound waves in the cochlea— "traveling wave." Describe pattern of vibration of the basilar membrane for different sound frequencies. Describe an amplitude pattern of vibration of the basilar membrane. Describe function of the organ of corti. Describe Excitation of the organ of corti. Describe Excitation of the Hair Cells Discuss the "place" principle. Describe detection of changes in loudness— the power law. Describe threshold for hearing sound at different frequencies. Describe an auditory pathway. Explain the function of the cerebral cortex in hearing. Describe how to determine the direction from which sounds come. Describe transmission of centrifugal signals from CNS to lower auditory centers. Describe different types	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochem.	Gene regulation	of deafness. Explain eukaryotic transcriptional and	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochem.	Oncogenes	Explain oncogenes in carcinogenesis. Mechanism of action of oncogenes.	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS
Biochem.	Tumor suppressor genes	Explain tumor suppressor genes and oncogenic viruses. Importance of tumor markers	Interactiv e lecture	1 hour	MCQS

Biochem. ENT	Restriction fragment length polymorphism Hearing loss	Discuss restriction fragment length polymorphism. Discuss its application Describe different	SGD	2 Hours	MCQS
		clinical tests for hearing loss. Describe the etiology and management of conduction and sensorineural hearing loss			
Gross Anatomy	External ear	Describe the auricle. Describe the external auditory meatus with clinical importance. Describe neurovascular supply of external ear	Skill Lab	2 hours	MCQS
Gross Anatomy	Middle ear	Name the boundaries of middle ear. Describe each boundary. Enlist contents of middle ear Describe Bony Ossicles Enlist its communications. Describe Auditory tube. Describe its neurovascular supply	Skill Lab	2 hours	MCQS
Gross Anatomy	Internal ear	Describe the bony labyrinth. Describe membranous labyrinth. Describe its neurovascular supply. Describe extra cranial course of VIII cranial nerve	Skill Lab	2 hours	MCQS
Histology	Ear	Able to identify under microscope.	Skill lab	2 hours	MCQS

Physiology	Examination of Cranial Nerves III, IV and VI	Able to make and label histological diagram Examine a standardized patient for oculomotor, Abducens and Trochlear nerves with an ophthalmoscope	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Physiology	Examination of hearing and vestibulocochlea r nerve (VIII)	Examine a standardized patient for hearing loss with tuning fork (Weber and Rinne's test) Audiometry	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE
Biochem.	Electrophoresis	Enumerate and demonstrate the principle, procedure, and clinical application	Skill lab	2 hours	OSPE

Assessment Plan:

Subjects	NS-1A	NS-1B	Total MCQs
Gross Anatomy	21	17	38
Histology	6	5	11
Embryology	3	5	8
Physiology	27	18	45
Biochemistry	2	3	5
PRIME including Research	3	2	5
Medicine	1	1	2
Pharmacology	1	0	1
Pathology	1	0	1
Forensic medicine	1	0	1
EYE	0	1	1
ENT	0	1	1
Pediatric surgery	0	1	1
Total	66	54	120

Block D OSPE Blueprint

Modules	Specialty	List of Practical	No. of stations	Total
NS-1A	Anatomy	Osteology Nerve and Muscles Surface anatomy Embryology models Radiology	2	4
		Histology Viva stations	1	

	Physiology	Superficial and Deep tendon reflexes Sensory and motor system examination Viva stations	1	4
	Dia ah amintan		1	1
	Biochemistry	Viva stations	1	1
NS-1B	Anatomy	Osteology	2	4
		Nerve and Muscles Surface anatomy Radiology		
		Histology	1	
		Viva stations	1	
	Physiology	Cranial nerves examination	3	4
		Ophthalmoscopy		
		Colour vision.		
		Visual acuity		
		Perimetry		
		Tuning fork test		
		Viva stations	1	
	Biochemistry	Viva stations	1	1
Total			18	18

Internal Assessment Pattern

Sr. No.	Criteria	Numbers				
	Theory:					
1.	Attendance (>90%=3,80-89%=2,70-79%=1, <70%=0)	3				
2.	Creative work/assignments/Task	2				
3.	Continuous Assessment throughout the block (Formative assessments, Viva Voce, departmental activities)	2				
4.	Block examination theory	3				
5.	Pre prof Examination of block	4				
	Total	14				
Sr. No.	Criteria	Numbers				
OSPE:						
1.	Attendance (>90%=3,80-89%=2,70-79%=1, <70%=0)	3				
2.	Logbook/practical copy	3				
3.	Discipline, Responsibility and teamwork	2				
4.	Block examination OSPE	2				
	Total	10				